1 The cable car which goes up Table Mountain starts at a height of 302 m above sea level. It goes to the top of the mountain at 1067 m above sea level.
The length of the cable is 1200 m .


Calculate $x$, the angle that the cable makes with the horizontal.

2 (a This map shows three places $A, B$ and $C$ in some flat countryside.
They are joined by paths.

(i) By measuring, find the bearing of A from C .
(a)(i)
(ii) Ruth and Joy are planning a walk.

They want to start at $A$, walk to $B$, then to $C$ and then to $A$ along the paths shown. Joy cannot walk more than 8 km .

Can Joy complete this walk? Show how you decide.
(b) A different map has a squared grid printed on it.

The distance between the gridlines represents 1 km .
A magazine for walkers gives this information to help estimate distances:

The distance across a diagonal of a square represents 1.5 km .


1 km
Use Pythagoras' theorem to calculate the length of a diagonal of a square and comment on the accuracy of the magazine's information.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) Mike is walking up a path in hilly countryside.

The path increases in height by 400 m over a horizontal distance of 600 m , as shown on the diagram.

At the bottom of the path, Mike says:
It looks as if it goes up at $40^{\circ}$ to the horizontal.


Not to scale

Calculate whether Mike's estimate is a good one.

3 Paul stands on one bank of a river at point $P$.
Aleysha stands on the other bank due North of Paul, at point A. She then walks 50 m due East to point B.
At $B$ her bearing from Paul is $072^{\circ}$.

(a) Calculate AP, the width of the river.
(a) $\qquad$ m [3]
(b) Aleysha walks 25 m further East to point C .

Calculate the bearing of C from P .
(b)

4 The diagram shows the journey of a boat starting from A.
To avoid rocks, the boat first travels 5 km on a bearing of $058^{\circ}$ to B .
It then travels from B to C .
$C$ is 12 km due east of $A$.

(a) Show by calculation that $A D$, the distance that $B$ is east of $A$, is 4.24 km correct to 2 decimal places.
(b) Calculate the bearing on which the boat travels from B to C .
(b) Bearing

